

 $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ (ii) If $\cos(x + iy) = \cos\theta + i\sin\theta$, then prove that $\cos 2x + \cosh 2y = 2$. 20. (i) Solve the reciprocal equation $6x_5 + 11x_4 - 33x_3 - 33x_2 + 11x + 6 = 0$.

(14+6)

(ii) Find the radius of curvature of the curve $xy^2 = a^3 - x^3$ at the points (a, 0). (12+8)

21. (a)Prove that $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \log(1 + \tan\theta) d\theta = \frac{\pi}{8} \log 2.$

(b)Solve the equation $(D^2 + 5D + 4)y = x^2 + 7x + 9$. (8+12)

22. (a)Using Newton-Raphson method find the root of the equation $x \log_{10} x = 1.2$

(b) (ii) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{10} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ using trapezoidal rule.

(14+6)